

Corporal Robert Haughin[©]

Regimental number: 2124

1/5th (Cumberland) Battalion Territorial Force Border Regiment

born: 6 October 1892 – died: 11 June 1916

“Peace, Perfect Peace” is engraved on Corporal Robert Haughin’s gravestone in Bailleul Communal Cemetery Extension, Nord, France, Grave/Memorial Reference II. B. 173.¹ He was one of 704,803 soldiers from the British Isles who died in or because of the First World War.²

Robert Haughin was born on 6 October 1892 in Blennerhasset, a small village on the river Ellen between Carlisle and Cockermouth in northwest Cumberland (now Cumbria), England.³ His father, William Haughin (1866–1938),⁴ and his mother, Ann Johnston (1866–1949),⁵ were both born in Cumberland villages about 12 km apart. William, the son of Dorothy and John Haughin, a coal miner, was born in Bolton.⁶ Ann, the daughter of Margaret and David Johnston, a river watcher,⁷ was born in Torpenhow. William and Ann married in the spring of 1887 in Wigton District, Cumberland.⁸

The couple had nine children of which eight survived to adulthood:⁹ George (1887–?),¹⁰ Dorothy (Haughin) Timperon (1888–?),¹¹ John (1890–1971),¹² then Robert, Annie Lizzie (Haughin) Hodgson (1894–?),¹³ Margaret Johnston (1896–1904),¹⁴ Sarah Jane (Haughin) Dove (1900–1985),¹⁵ William (1902–1921),¹⁶ and finally Edith Winifred (Haughin) Martin (1905–?).¹⁷ When Robert was born, William, Ann and their children were living in two rooms on Mill Street. William was working as a coal miner.¹⁸ By 1901, the couple were living in four rooms at 7 Fisher’s Cottage, Watch Hill. Robert and his siblings were attending school.¹⁹ Ten years later William and Ann, with five of their children and a granddaughter, Frances, were living in a home with six rooms in Watch Hill. William was still working as a coal miner and Robert was also working in the mines as a pony driver below ground.²⁰

During the next three years, Robert probably continued to work as a coal miner and to live with his parents and siblings. When war was declared on 4 August 1914, he was 21 years old; like many others at the time he was probably caught up in the patriotic fervour that swept the country. Perhaps he also saw the military life as an opportunity to escape the drudgery of the coal mines. He enlisted in the 5th Battalion, Border Regiment, at Workington, Cumberland,²¹ on 26 August 1914.²²

The Border Regiment was a line infantry regiment of the British Army that was officially formed in 1881, when the 34th and the 55th Regiments of Foot were amalgamated as part of the Childers Reform. Traditionally it recruited in the twin counties of Cumberland and Westmorland. At the beginning of the war, it consisted of five battalions; two Regular, one Special Reserve and two Territorial. The 1st Battalion was stationed in Burma, the 2nd was quartered at Pembroke Dock, the 3rd and 4th Battalions had their headquarters in Carlisle and the 5th at Workington. The 5th Battalion was redesignated 1/5th on the formation of a duplicate 2/5th Battalion in October 1914, which remained in the United Kingdom. By the end of the war, the regiment had 10 battalions which saw active service, 7 of them on the Western Front.²³

The 1/5th (Cumberland) Battalion Territorial Force (T.F.), Border Regiment, moved to Barrow-in-Furness (aka Barrow) on 5 August 1914. Although the battalion was poorly equipped, lacking proper clothing, boots and other supplies, it received the order to mobilize at 3 p.m. on 23 October. The battalion’s 30 officers and 878 soldiers of other ranks (OR) including Private Robert Haughin, travelled the 507 km by train to Southampton. On 25 October 1914, he and the battalion embarked

on the SS *Manchester Engineer*, arriving at 4 p.m. on 26 October 1914 in Le Havre, France to join the British Expeditionary Force (BEF). On 2 November the battalion set up its headquarters on rue Raspail, Le Havre. For the next six months, the battalion served in a non-combatant role in Lines of Communication. Its main duties were escorting prisoners of war to England (2,000 prisoner by 3 April 1915), and fatigue and guard details. The battalion's various companies were dispersed to Rouen, Boulogne, Abbeville and Dieppe to do this work.²⁴

At the end of March, 1915, the 1/5th Battalion T.F., Border Regiment, was relieved from Lines of Communication and its companies were reunited at Arques where its 30 officers and 973 OR (augmented by 95 reinforcements) received a month's training. On 5 May the battalion was assigned to 149th Brigade, 50th Division. By 12 May, Robert and the other members of the battalion were in trenches west of Ypres, Belgium, and came under fire for the first time during the Second Battle of Ypres (probably in the Battle of Frezenberg Ridge and the Battle of Bellewaarde Ridge). By 28 May, 1 officer and 18 OR were dead, 3 officers and 113 OR were wounded, 90 OR were gas poisoned and 2 officers and 36 OR were sick wasted.

Robert and the other men were in the trenches near Hooze when on 2 June, German artillery bombarded the Hooze area from 5 a.m. to 4 p.m. before its infantry captured the Château de Hooze. The BEF countered attacked. On 11 June, the battalion was engaged in severe fighting with more casualties. From 11 to 18 June, one officer and 4 OR were killed, 2 OR died of wounds and two officers and 34 ORs were wounded. The battalion suffered more losses in action at Neuve Eglise. From 22 to 28 June, 2 OR were killed, 2 died of wounds and 6 were wounded. Within two months, 30% of the 1/5th (Cumberland) Battalion T.F., Border Regiment's officers and 32% of its other ranks were either dead or wounded.²⁵

For the next 12 months, the battalion remained in the Ypres Salient area. Robert experienced day-to-day trench warfare, shelling, sniper fire and small skirmishes, followed by rest periods behind the lines. In a letter sent to his parents in July 1915, he depicted the surreal world that he now occupied. Sitting in his dug-out writing the letter, all was quiet with a few shells and bullets going over the top. However, "four of our fellows were wounded on Sunday night. They were just standing in the trench underneath an iron sheeting when a German rifle grenade came right through and wounded all. Joe Barker of Blennerhasset, and Mr. Greenwood of Aspatria, were very badly hurt and two others from Workington." He provided news about other men from the area. Arthur Scott of Blennerhasset, who had been gassed on Whit Monday and hospitalized, was back with the unit and doing well, while Joe Robinson of Fletchertown had gone home for a bit of rest. "I am sure he will need it as he has gone through some very rough fights."²⁶

Besides this constant physical danger, the trenches that he and his companions occupied were in close proximity to the enemy's trenches. They could hear the enemy whistling, talking, singing and hammering upon metal. They observed pigeons arriving and leaving the enemy trenches and reported seeing one enemy soldier wearing a blue grey cap with a red band around it with two buttons in the middle. They found copies of the *Gazette des Ardennes* placed by the enemy where they could be easily found.

On 20 December 1915, the battalion was transferred to 151st Brigade in the 50th Division.²⁷ At some point, Robert was promoted to corporal. He and his fellow soldiers spent the 24 and 25 December draining water from trenches A7 to A12 near Hooze. On 31 December 1915/1 January 1916, they heard the enemy singing and shouting throughout the night and its band playing the English national anthem, God Save the King.

Between 19 December 1915 and 30 June 1916 (before the Battles of the Somme), the BEF was not engaged in any major battles. However 5,845 officers and 119,196 men of other ranks were killed.²⁸ Besides the day-to-day trench warfare, there were small-scale skirmishes. The BEF sent groups of 10 to 200 men on 63 raids, of which 47 were successful. The German forces made 33 raids on the British Front, of which 20 were successful.²⁹ One such raid occurred on 2 March, 1916. The 17th Division attacked the enemy line at International Trench. The enemy counter attacked trapping the 9th Duke of Wellington's Regiment. Perhaps Robert was in one of the four platoons from the 1/5th (Cumberland) Battalion T.F., Border Regiment, which advanced from Blauwepoort Farm through heavy artillery barrage to come to its support. Major G.E. Wannell, 9th Duke of Wellington's Regiment, wrote on 6 March that the men of the Border Regiment "were splendid...and behaved throughout with great gallantry ... My men much appreciated your help."³⁰ Perhaps Lance-Corporal J. M. Fell was not exaggerating when he wrote that although the Border Regiment did not receive much press, in the field wherever it went the other troops would say "Good old Borders."³¹

By 27 May 1916, the 5th Battalion was in trenches near Vierstraat. Relieved on 2 June, it moved to billets for six rest days. However, owing to the Brigade being so weak, almost every man was taken nightly for work parties. By 8 June, the battalion was back in the Right Sub Sector trenches near Vierstraat, where the enemy bombarded the line with trench mortars and rifle grenades.

On a showery Saturday 10 June 1916, Corporal Robert Haughin was wounded by a bomb from a trench mortar. He was taken to No. 1 Canadian Casualty Clearing Station (CCS) at Bailleul, France. He might have been one of the 115 injured men admitted on 10 June or one of 15 admitted on Sunday, 11 June.³² He was one of the two men who died on 11 June.³³ His parents were notified of his death around 24 June in a letter written by Sergeant J. Renny.³⁴ On 27 September 1916, his father received Robert's savings of £10 15s 10p and on 6 October 1919, he received a War Gratuity of £9.³⁵

Corporal Robert Haughin was buried at Bailleul Communal Cemetery Extension, Nord, Grave/Memorial Reference II. B. 173.³⁶ Bailleul is in France, close to the Belgian border. It was occupied on 14 October 1914 and became an important railhead, air depot and hospital centre. Several casualty clearing stations, including No. 1 Canadian CCS, were quartered there. The earliest Commonwealth burials at Bailleul were made in April 1915. An extension was built and burials continued until April 1918; they occurred again in September and after the Armistice, when soldiers' remains were brought in from the neighbouring battlefields.

Robert was posthumously awarded the 1914 Star, also called the Mons star (for serving in a theatre of war between 5 August 1914 and midnight of 22/23 November 1914), the Victory Medal (for service in an operational theatre), and the British War Medal (for service overseas between 1914 and 1918).³⁷ As next of kin, his father and mother also received a memorial plaque and a parchment scroll.

Although Robert's parents and siblings must have grieved his death immensely, the social conventions of the day demanded that the bereaved accept their losses quietly and stoically. The Haughin family's experience was probably not unique. Their world continued without Robert. His older brother, John, who had enlisted in 1/5th (Cumberland) Battalion T.F., Border Regiment, on 31 May 1915, was medically discharged with a Class P pension on 4 December 1917.³⁸ His sister Dorothy, who had emigrated in 1913 to Tasmania, Australia, with her husband Joseph Timperon and infant son, John,³⁹ named her son born 23 August, 1916, Robert Haughin Timperon. Robert's youngest brother William joined the 1st Battalion, Border Regiment, and died at the age of 19 on 1 October 1921 in Karachi, probably during the Waziristan campaign of 1921-1924.⁴⁰

On the eve of another war in 1939, some members of the Haughin family were living in close proximity in Watch Hill, Cumberland. Robert's mother Ann was living with her daughter Sarah Jane Dove and grandchildren at Gourie Cottages.⁴¹ John, who was working as a general labourer, and his family lived nearby,⁴² as did Annie Lizzie Hodgson and her family.⁴³

Corporal Robert Haughin's sacrifice was not forgotten. His name was recorded in the Border Regiment's *Books of Remembrance*, located in the Regimental Chapel, Carlisle Cathedral.⁴⁴ On 30 May 1920, the members of All Saints Church (aka Allhallows Church) erected a Celtic cross to honour the men from the parish who died during WW1. Corporal Robert Haughin was one of the men remembered.⁴⁵ Nor did his family forget him. After the death of his mother, his siblings erected a gravestone at All Saints Church in memory of Robert, his father and mother, sister Margaret, brother William, and his niece, Frances Veitch.⁴⁶

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¹ "Headstone Documents," *Commonwealth War Graves Commission* (<https://www.cwgc.org/find-war-dead/casualty/199813/haughin>: accessed 26 March 2019), entry for Robert Haughin

² "Some British Army Statistics of the Great War," *The Long, Long Trail* (<https://www.longlongtrail.co.uk/army/some-british-army-statistics-of-the-great-war>: accessed 26 March 2019)

³ "Certified copy of an entry of Birth," *General Register Office* (https://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/certificates/order_history.asp: accessed 9 April 2019), entry for Robert Haughin, GRO Reference: 1892, District: Wigton, Sub-district: Abbey Holme, County: Cumberland, Volume: 10B, Page: 535, When and Where Born: 6 October 1892, Blennerhasset

⁴ "England, Select Births and Christenings, 1538–1975," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 28 March, 2019), entry for William Haughin, Baptism date: 14 October 1866, Place: Westward, Cumberland, Film number: 90674; "England & Wales, Civil Registration Death Index 1916–2007," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 28 March, 2019), entry for William Haughin, Registration date: March 1938, Registration district: Carlisle, Inferred county: Cumberland, Volume: 10b, Page: 703

⁵ "England Births & Baptisms 1538–1975," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 4 March 2019), entry for Ann Johnston, Baptism year: 1866, Place: Torpenhow, County: Cumberland; "England & Wales, Civil Registration Death index, 1916–2005," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 28 March 2019), entry for Ann Haughin, Registration date: June 1949, Registration district: Wigton, Inferred county: Cumberland, Volume: 1a, Page: 197

⁶ "1871 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 3 April 2019), entry for John Haughin, Registration district: Wigton, Sub-registration district: Abbey Holme, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 10, Household schedule number: 350, Piece: 5231, Folio: 35, Page: 66

⁷ "1881 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 3 April 2019), entry for David Johnston, Registration district: Wigton, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 5, Piece: 5167, Folio: 20, Page: 16

⁸ "England & Wales Marriages 1837–2005," *Findmypast* (<https://www.findmypast.co.uk>: accessed 4 March 2019) entry for William Haughin, Marriage year: 1887, District: Wigton, County: Cumberland, Volume: 10B, Page: 776

⁹ "1911 England, Wales & Scotland Census," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 4 March 2019), entry for William Haughin, Registration district: Wigton, Registration district number: 575, Sub-district: Abbey Holme, Sub-district number: 2, Piece: 31372

¹⁰ "1891 England, Wales & Scotland Census," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 4 March 2019), entry for George Haughin, Registration district: Wigton, Archive reference: RG12, Piece: 4298, Folio: 15A, Page: 39. Note: George's birth year was listed as 1887. There was no entry in the GRO Index for a George Haughin born in 1887 or 1886.

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- ¹¹ "GRO Indexes, 1837–1918 Births," *General Register Office* (https://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/certificates/indexes_search.asp: accessed 29 March 2019), entry for Dorothy Haughan [sic], GRO Reference: 1888, D Quarter in Wigton, Volume: 10B, Page: 510; "England & Wales, Civil Registration Marriage Index, 1837–1915," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 30 March 2019), entry for Dorothy Haughin, Registration year: 1912, Registration district: Wigton, Inferred county: Cumberland, Volume: 10b, Page: 1113, Spouse: Joseph Timperon
- ¹² "GRO Indexes, 1837–1918 Births," *General Register Office* (https://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/certificates/indexes_search.asp: accessed 29 March 2019), entry for John Haughin, GRO Reference: 1890, D Quarter in Wigton, Volume: 10B, Page: 519; "England & Wales, Civil Registration Marriage Index, 1916–2005," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 5 April 2019), entry for John Haughin, Registration year: 1924, Registration district: Wigton, Inferred county: Cumberland, Spouse: Mary A. Asbridge; "England & Wales, Civil Registration Death Index 1916–2007," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 28 March 2019), entry for John Haughin, Registration date: 1971, Registration district: Wigton, Inferred county: Cumberland, Volume: 1a, Page: 435
- ¹³ "GRO Indexes 1837–1918 Births," *General Register Office* (https://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/certificates/indexes_search.asp: accessed 29 March 2019), entry for Annie Lizzie Haughin, GRO Reference: 1894, S Quarter in Wigton, Volume: 10B, Page: 539; "England & Wales, Civil Registration Marriage Index 1916–2005," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 28 March 2019), entry for Annie Lizzie Haughin, Registration year: 1917, Registration district: Wigton, Inferred county: Cumberland, Spouse: John Hodgson
- ¹⁴ "GRO Indexes 1837–1918 Births," *General Register Office* (https://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/certificates/indexes_search.asp: accessed 29 March 2019), entry for Margaret Johnston Haughin, GRO Reference: 1896, J Quarter in Wigton, Volume: 10B, Page: 594; "GRO Indexes 1837–1957 Deaths," *General Register Office* (https://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/certificates/indexes_search.asp: accessed 29 March 2019), entry for Margaret Johnston Haughin, GRO Reference: 1904, J Quarter in Wigton, Volume: 10B, Page: 369, Age: 8
- ¹⁵ "GRO Indexes 1837–1918 Births," *General Register Office* (https://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/certificates/indexes_search.asp: accessed 29 March 2019), entry for Sarah Jane Haughin, GRO Reference: 1900, M Quarter in Wigton, Volume: 10B, Page: 622; "England & Wales, Civil Registration Marriage Index 1916–2005," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 28 March 2019), entry for Sarah J. Haughin, Registration year: 1926, Registration district: St. George, Hanover Square, Inferred county: London, Spouse: Edward Dove; "England & Wales Civil Registration Death Index 1916–2007," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 3 April 2019), entry for Sarah Jane Dove, Registration date: 01/1985, Registration district: Camden, Inferred county: Greater London, Volume: 14, Page: 2062. Note: This is most likely Sarah Jane (Haughin) Dove because the birth date provided, 4 Jan 1900, is the same as in the 1939 England & Wales Register.
- ¹⁶ "GRO Indexes 1837–1918 Births," *General Register Office* (https://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/certificates/indexes_search.asp: accessed 29 March 2019), entry for William Haughin, GRO Reference: 1902, J Quarter in Wigton, Volume: 10B, Page: 637; "Memorial Records," *Imperial War Museum* (<https://www.iwm.org.uk/memorials/item/memorial/56212> : accessed 9 April 2019), entry for Robert Haughin. Note: William Haughin's death was also listed on this gravestone.
- ¹⁷ "GRO Indexes 1837–1918 Births," *General Register Office* (https://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/certificates/indexes_search.asp: accessed 29 March 2019), entry for Edith Winifred Haughin, GRO Reference: 1905, M Quarter in Wigton, Volume: 10B, Page: 626; "England & Wales, Civil Registration Marriage Index, 1916–2005," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 4 April 2019), entry for Edith Winifred Haughin, Registration year: 1932, Registration district: Wigton, Inferred county: Cumberland, Volume: 10b Page: 1041, Spouse: John Martin
- ¹⁸ "1891 England, Wales & Scotland Census," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 4 March 2019), entry for William Haughin, Registration district: Wigton, Archive reference: RG12, Piece: 4298, Folio: 15A, Page: 39

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- ¹⁹ “1901 England, Wales & Scotland Census,” *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: access 11 November 2018), entry for Robert Haughin, Parish: Allhallows, County: Cumberland, Registration district: Wigton, Archive reference: RG13, Piece: 4875, Folio: 9, Page: 10
- ²⁰ “1911 England, Wales & Scotland Census,” *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 4 March 2019), entry for William Haughin, Registration district: Wigton, Registration district number: 575, Sub-district: Abbey Holme, Sub-district number: 2, Enumeration district: 1, Piece: 31372
- ²¹ “Soldiers Died in the Great War 1914–1919,” *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 09 November 2018), entry for Robert Haughin
- ²² “British Army WW1 Medal Rolls Index Cards 1914–1920,” *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 28 March 2019), entry for Robert Haughin. Note: His enlistment date was noted because his mother applied for his 1914 Star.
- ²³ “Unit History: Border Regiment,” *Forces War Records* (<https://www.forces-war-records.co.uk/units/238/border-regiment>: accessed 9 April 2019); *Cumbria’s Museum of Military Life* (<https://www.cumbriasmuseumofmilitarylife.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/10/WW1-Research-Info.pdf>: accessed 9 April 2019); “Border Regiment,” *Wikipedia* (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Border_Regiment: accessed 11 April 2019)
- ²⁴ “UK, WW1 War Diaries (France, Belgium and Germany), 1914–1920,” *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 14 May 2019), entry for Border Regiment, 50th Division, Piece: 2831/3, 5 Battalion, Border Regiment (1915 May –Dec). Note: This diary also covers the period from July 1914–5 May 1915. On the cover of the diary it was stated that the regiment was posted to 149th Infantry Brigade on 5 May 1915 having previously been on L. of C. Unless otherwise identified, all information about the 1/5th (Cumberland) Battalion T.F., Border Regiment’s movements comes from this source.
- ²⁵ Note: Percentages tabulated by author from data provided in “UK, WW1 War Diaries (France, Belgium and Germany), 1914–1920,” *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 14 May 2019), entry for Border Regiment, 50th Division, Piece 2831/3, 5 Battalion, Border Regiment (1915 May–Dec), entry for 28 May, 18 June, 28 June 1915
- ²⁶ “West Cumberland at War July 1915,” *Cumbria County Council* (<https://www.cumbria.gov.uk/eLibrary/Content/Internet/542/795/42201141814.pdf>: accessed 26 April 2019)
- ²⁷ “UK, WW1 War Diaries (France, Belgium and Germany), 1914–1920,” *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 14 May 2019), entry for Border Regiment, 50th Division, Piece 2845/4, 5 Battalion, Border Regiment (1915 Dec –1918 Jan). Note: Unless otherwise identified, all information about the 1/5 (Cumberland) Battalion T.F., Border Regiment’s movements comes from this source.
- ²⁸ James E. Edmonds, *Military Operations France and Belgium 1916* (London: MacMillan Company, 1932) p. 242
- ²⁹ *Ibid.*, p. 243
- ³⁰ “UK, WW1 War Diaries (France, Belgium and Germany), 1914–1920,” *op. cit.*, entry for 6 March 1916
- ³¹ J. W. Fell, “Good Old Borders,” *Wigton Advertiser*, 17 June 1916, *The British Newspaper Archive* (<https://www.britishnewspaperarchive.co.uk/>: accessed 20 May 2019), p. 2
- ³² “War Diaries of the First World War: 1st Canadian Casualty Clearing Station 1914/08/13–19/03/31,” *Library and Archives Canada* (<http://central.bac-lac.gc.ca/item?id=e001509285&app=fonandcol&op=img>: accessed 14 November 2018), entry for 10 and 11 June 1916
- ³³ “No. 1 Canadian Casualty Clearing Station,” *British Isles Family History Society of Greater Ottawa* (www.bifhsgo.ca: accessed 10 May 2019), entry for Haughin, Robert
- ³⁴ “Local Territorial Dies from Wounds,” *Wigton Advertiser*, 24 June 1916, (<https://www.britishnewspaperarchive.co.uk/>: accessed 1 June 2019), p. 2
- ³⁵ “UK, Army Registers of Soldiers’ Effects, 1901–1929,” *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 29 March 2018), entry for Robert Haughin, Service Number: 2124
- ³⁶ *Commonwealth War Graves Commission* (<https://www.cwgc.org/find-war-dead/casualty/199813/haughin-/>: accessed 10 May 2019), entry for Robert Haughin

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- ³⁷ "British Army WW1 Medal Roll Index Cards, 1914–1920," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 8 May 2019), entry for Robert Haughin, Regiment or Corps: 5th Border Regiment, Regimental Number: 2124
- ³⁸ "UK, WW1 Pension Ledgers and Index Cards, 1914–1923," *Fold3* (www.fold3.com: accessed 24 May 2019), entry for John Haughin, Service Number: 241032
- ³⁹ "Passenger Lists Leaving UK 1890–1960," *Findmypast* (www.findmypastco.uk: accessed 29 April 2019), entry for Jno Timperon, Departure year: 1913, Destination port: Hobart, State: Tasmania, Country: Australia, Ship official number: 115337, People with the same last name on this voyage: Jos Timperon, Dorothy Timperon
- ⁴⁰ "UK, Army Registers of Soldiers' Effects, 1901–1929," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 29 April 2019), entry for William Haughin, Service Number: 3590701
- ⁴¹ "1939 Register," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 9 November 2018), entry for Ann Haughin, Ref. RG101/3092C/008/11
- ⁴² "1939 Register," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 9 November 2018), entry for John Haughin, Ref. RG101/3092C/008/3, Letter Code: HCXC
- ⁴³ "1939 England and Wales Register," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com: accessed 27 March 2019), entry for Annie L. Hodgson, Address: Watch Hill Aspatria, Schedule number: 48, Sub-schedule number: 2, Enumeration district: HCXC, Registration district: 575/1
- ⁴⁴ "Border Regiment Books of Remembrances," *Imperial War Museum* (<https://www.warmemorialsonline.org.uk/memorial/246432/>: accessed 25 May 2019)
- ⁴⁵ "Memorial Allhallows Church," *Imperial War Museum* (<https://www.iwm.org.uk/memorials/item/memorial/3999>: accessed 23 May 2019)
- ⁴⁶ "Memorial: Robert Haughin," *Imperial War Museum* (<https://www.iwm.org.uk/memorials/item/memorial/56212>: accessed 25 May 2018). Note: Frances Haughin married Arthur Veitch. "England & Wales, Civil Registration Marriage Index 1916–2005," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.com : accessed 2 June 2019)), entry for Frances Haughin, Registration Date: 1935, Registration district: Carlisle, Inferred county: Cumberland, Volume: 10b, Page: 1315, Spouse: Arthur Veitch