

Sapper Herbert Oliver Fisher[©]

Regimental number: 166524

5th Battalion, Canadian Engineers

born: 14 February 1886–died: 6 October 1918

Sapper Herbert Oliver Fisher (known as Oliver) fought in World War I with the Canadian Expeditionary Force but, like so many recent immigrants from England, had only been in Canada for a few years before he enlisted and returned to England to join the fight. He and his young wife, Alice, came to Canada in 1911, travelling with Alice's brother, George Wilson, on the *SS Montrose* and arriving in Quebec on 2 May 1911.¹ Oliver enlisted in Toronto four and a half years later, on 18 October 1915.²

Oliver left behind in England his father, George Jackson Fisher, a stepmother and seven siblings.³ His father (born in Milton, Northamptonshire, in about 1850⁴), a bricklayer, had married Oliver's mother, Elizabeth Eccles, a dressmaker, on 2 September 1873 at St James' Church in Dallington, Northamptonshire.⁵ They had nine children:

- Edith Mary (born in 1874, baptized on 13 September 1874 at St James' Church in Dallington)⁶
- Annie Sophia (born on 17 December 1875, baptized on 16 December 1877 at St James' Church)⁷
- Lizzie Gertrude (known as Gertrude or Gertie) (born in 1877, baptized with her sister Annie in December 1877)⁸
- Harry Albert George (born in 1879, baptized on 18 July 1879 at St James' Church)⁹
- Eliza Eleanor (born in 1880, baptized on 11 February 1883 at St James' Church)¹⁰
- William (born in 1882, baptized with his sister Eliza in February 1883)¹¹
- Frank Jackson (born on 12 December 1883, baptized on 24 August 1887 at St Giles' Church in Northampton)¹²
- Herbert Oliver (born on 14 February 1886,¹³ baptized with Frank in August 1887)¹⁴
- Hettie Mabel (born on 3 August 1887, baptized with Frank and Herbert in August 1887)¹⁵

In 1901, the family was living at 6 Castilian Terrace, Northampton. Oliver's father (born in about 1850 in Milton, Northamptonshire) was now a builder. Several of his children had followed him in the building trade—Gertrude was a clerk to a builder, Harry was a carpenter and William was a bricklayer.¹⁶ Sadly, Oliver's mother (born in Gnossal, Staffordshire, in about 1852¹⁷) died two years later at the age of 51.¹⁸

Oliver's father remarried—George married Annie Brown Selby in 1904 in Oundle, Northamptonshire. Before her marriage, Annie (born in about 1861 in Thrapston, Northamptonshire) had been the manageress of The Plough Hotel in Northampton.¹⁹ George and Annie do not appear to have had any children of their own.

In 1911, George and Annie were still living at 6 Castilian Terrace, but only one son (Harry) was still living at home. George's grandson, Philip Orgill (age 13), son of Oliver's sister Edith, was in the home with them.²⁰

When the census was taken on 2 April 1911 Oliver and his future wife were visitors in the home of William and Amy Hewitt at 96 Bridge Street in Northampton—right across the street from The

Plough Hotel, where his stepmother had worked.²¹ Two weeks later, they married in St James' Church, just a few blocks away.²²

Four days after their wedding, they left from Liverpool to sail to Canada, arriving in Quebec City just under two weeks later. Their only child, daughter Elizabeth Alice Fisher, was born on 30 August 1913 in York Township (Toronto), Ontario.

When his daughter was just two years old, Oliver enlisted in the Canadian Expeditionary Force.²³ He was a steamfitter, living at 479 Queen Street West, Toronto, when he enlisted on 18 October 1915. He was 5' 9¼" tall and had a dark complexion, blue eyes and dark brown hair. He joined the 2nd Canadian Pioneer Battalion and left for England late in 1915, arriving on 14 December. He was promoted to lance corporal on 2 March 1916, before leaving for France the following week.

Oliver's military service was fraught with injury and illness, leading to his death in October 1918. Three and half months after he landed in France, Oliver was wounded, with gunshot wounds to his leg and chest. In mid-June 1916, the 2nd Pioneers were engaged in tunnelling activities near Ouderdom, about 10 kilometres southeast of Ypres in Belgium. On the night of 21/22 June, "C" Company was working on a support trench when there was a casualty.²⁴ This may have been Oliver. He was admitted to No. 13 General Hospital in Boulogne on 23 June 1916 and deemed to be dangerously ill. Ten days later he was transferred to England and admitted to the Royal Victoria Hospital in Netley, near Southampton, Hampshire. He appears to have been treated there for seven months before being transferred to different hospitals in southern England over the next four months:

- Wear Bay Convalescent Home in Folkestone, Kent (10 to 28 October 1916)
- Canadian Convalescent Hospital in Monks Horton, Kent (28 October to 16 November 1916),
- Addington Park War Hospital in Croydon, Surrey (16 November 1916 to 5 January 1917)
- Enteric Depot, Woldingham, Surrey (5 to 23 January 1917)
- Woodcote Park Military Convalescent Hospital in Epsom, Surrey (23 January to 6 February 1917)

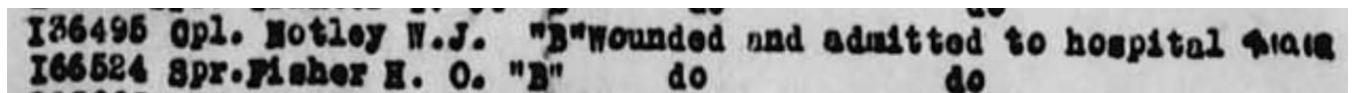
Oliver had had an enteric intestinal illness as a teenager in Nottingham and it appears that he was at least suspected of having typhoid or paratyphoid in early 1917. After he was released from Woodcote Park, he stayed in England and was promoted to acting corporal in July 1917. He was again in hospital—the Canadian Military Hospital in Bramshott—for ten days in June 1917 with a scalp wound. "[W]hile going to [the] wash house [he] slipped & hit his head against the step inflicting a scalp wound in back of head about one inch in length." He was still in England when he burned his hand on a stove in January 1918, resulting in 1st and 2nd degree burns over half his hand and 4th and 5th degree burns on his fingers.

On 21 June 1918, he reverted to the rank of sapper and went back to the field on 3 July, joining the 5th Battalion, Canadian Engineers. The battalion was stationed in Penin, about 20 kilometres west of Arras, in northern France, and the war diary notes the arrival on 4 July of 67 Other Ranks as reinforcements.²⁵ Oliver was probably one of these. The following date, the battalion's name formally changed to the 5th Battalion, Canadian Engineers, having previously been known as the 5th Field Company of the Canadian Engineers. The troops began a period of training and sports activities that would last until the end of the month. On 30 July, the troops began a move to Quevauvillers, about 80 kilometres to the southeast. It was a long, difficult journey.

Battalion less Transport marched from PENIN to LIGNY ST FLOCHEL at 4.15 a.m., entrained at 7.45 a.m. and arrived at LONGPRE at 12.30 p.m. Battalion immediately formed up and commenced to march to QUEVAUVILLERS via Hengest [sic], BRIQUE-MESNIL and [Fluy]. After passing Hengest [sic], battalion moved off the road and halted on account of the extreme heat, remaining here until 7.00 p.m. when lorries were obtained to carry packs and march was continued over the above route, arriving at QUEVAUVILLERS at 1.15 a.m. 31st inst.

The soldiers would move again several times over the next few days and begin to engage in engineering works—building a tank manoeuvring ground, doing road repairs, positioning and laying of pipe lines, constructing truck roads, filling shell holes, exploring captured enemy dugouts, etc.

At the beginning of October 1918, the battalion was erecting pumps in Bourlon village, about 30 kilometres southeast of Arras. Work continued on building and guarding the pumps and taking water samples for testing. On 4 October, “B” Company sent out a “[p]arty working on Consolidation, erecting wire . . . [and was] bombed by hostile aeroplane at night resulting in 15 casualties, 1 officer and 1 O.R. killed and remainder wounded.” Oliver was one of these.



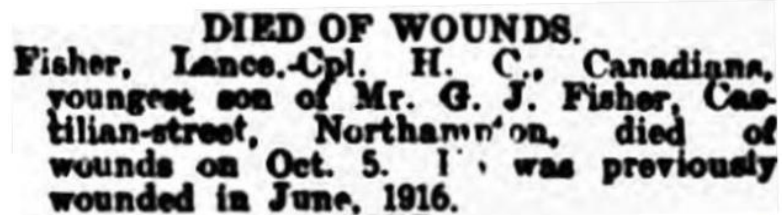
136495 Opl. Motley W.J. "B" wounded and admitted to hospital 4/10/18
166524 Spr. Fisher H. O. "B" do do

Record of Sapper Oliver Fisher's injury in 5th Battalion's war diary

Source: "War Diaries - 5th Battalion, Canadian Engineers"

He was admitted to No. 1 Canadian Casualty Clearing Station on the next day with shrapnel wounds to both legs and his left arm.²⁶ A casualty clearing station was a military medical unit behind the front lines, usually located near transportation. Casualties who did not die or could not be adequately treated in the CCS were stabilized before being transported to a field or military hospital.²⁷

Oliver died at No. 1 CCCS on 6 October and was buried in Duisans British Military Cemetery (Plot 7, Row B, Grave 28) with the Canadian chaplain W. Fisher presiding. Duisans British Military Cemetery is located in Étrun, near Arras, France. The first burials in the cemetery took place in March 1917.²⁸ No. 1 CCCS arrived at the beginning of September 1918 and was stationed near Duisans for two months. As a result of the serious and urgent nature of the cases admitted to No. 1 CCCS, the death rate was high in October—a total of 83 deaths occurred during the month.²⁹



DIED OF WOUNDS.
Fisher, Lance-Cpl. H. C., Canadian,
youngest son of Mr. G. J. Fisher, Cas-
tilian-street, Northampton, died of
wounds on Oct. 5. He was previously
wounded in June, 1916.

Notice of Lance Corporal H. O. Fisher's death

Source: *Northampton Chronicle and Echo*, 29 November 1918

The chaplain at No. 1 CCCS sent a letter to Oliver's wife, who was then living at 222 Manning Avenue in Toronto.³⁰ He was awarded posthumously the British War Medal (for service overseas between 1914 and 1918) and the Victory Medal (for service in an operational theatre).

When Oliver's father died on 13 January 1938, he was still living at 6 Castilian Terrace,³¹ as was his stepmother when she died on 13 November 1950.³² Some of Oliver's siblings remained in the Northampton area; others moved away.

Oliver's sister **Edith** was working as a servant in 1891³³ and, on 27 October 1896, married William Proudman Orgill at St Giles Church.³⁴ They had a son, Philip Ronald, born on 17 May 1898.³⁵ Sadly, he was an orphan just days after his fifth birthday. His mother died on 6 March³⁶ and his father on 25 May 1903.³⁷ In 1911, he was living with his grandfather.³⁸ Philip served in the Great War and went to France on 14 October 1917, when he was 19. He was a 2nd lieutenant when he died of wounds in a German hospital on 31 March 1918³⁹—just six months before his uncle Oliver. Ironically, the announcement of Philip's death appeared in a Northampton newspaper just the day before Oliver's death.

Annie married Charles Herbert Lawrence Dowty, an iron monger, at St Giles Church on 6 December 1905.⁴⁰ Charles was from the Isle of Wight and the couple moved there after their marriage. In 1911, they were living in Freshwater, where Charles was a house furnisher and his wife helped with the business.⁴¹ In 1939, Annie was incapacitated, Charles was a soft furnishings salesman and they were living at 40 Oxford Avenue, Bournemouth, in Hampshire.⁴² Charles died on 12 December 1943⁴³ and Annie on 20 November 1944.⁴⁴

Gertrude married on 9 July 1904 at St Giles Church. Her husband, Francis Cecil Felce, was a salesman, and in 1911 they were living at The Hallier, Brentwood Road in Romford, Northamptonshire, with three children. By 1927, they had moved to Hale, near Altrincham, Cheshire. Gertrude died in Hendon, Middlesex in 1934.

Harry married Annie Elizabeth Tebbutt on 8 June 1911 at Abington Avenue Congregational Church, with his sister Hettie as a bridesmaid.⁴⁵ Like his father, Harry became a building contractor.⁴⁶ Sadly, he died on 22 December 1921.⁴⁷ His wife remarried, marrying Henry G. Blake in 1923.⁴⁸

Oliver's sister **Eliza** died at the age of 26⁴⁹ and was buried in the parish of Twywell, Northamptonshire, on 1 April 1911.⁵⁰

William, a builder like his father, married Maud Wiggins on 5 August 1907 in Roade, Northamptonshire.⁵¹ In 1911, they were living at 28 Glasgow Street in Northampton with two young children.⁵² In 1939, they were still in Northampton, living at 184 Kingsley Road, where William was a bricklayer foreman.⁵³ William died in 1952.⁵⁴

Nothing is known with certainty about the life of Oliver's brother **Frank**.

In 1911, **Hettie** was probably living in London and working as a draper's assistant at Messrs Marshall and Snelgrove Ltd, which had three outlets in London.⁵⁵ Her life during and after the war is not clear.

Oliver's wife Alice and daughter Elizabeth remained in Canada after the war. In September 1934, when they sailed back from Southampton to Quebec, they were living at 105 Redwood Avenue, Toronto.⁵⁶ However, they did travel back to England on occasion.⁵⁷ Oliver's daughter, known then as Betty, died on 31 January 1981 in Florida, USA, at the age of 67. However, she is buried in Highland Memory Gardens in Willowdale, near Toronto,⁵⁸ with her husband Edward William Catling, who died in 1992.⁵⁹

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- ¹ "UK, Outward Passenger Lists, 1890–1960," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 10 September 2020), entry for H. Lister [*sic*]
- ² "Personnel Records of the First World War," *Library and Archives Canada* (<http://www.bac-lac.gc.ca/>; accessed 16 August 2020), entry for Fisher, Herbert Oliver, Reference: RG 150, Accession 1992–93/166, Box 3107 - 35, Item number: 393341, Digitized service file - PDF format: B3107-S035
- ³ One sister, Edith, died just two months before he sailed for Canada. ("British Newspapers," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk; accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Edith Mary Orgill, *Northampton Mercury*, 6 March 1903)
- ⁴ "1901 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 16 August 2020), entry for Oliver Fisher, Registration district: Northampton, Sub-registration district: St Giles, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 41, Piece: 1424, Folio: 115, Page: 35, Household schedule number: 216
- ⁵ "Northamptonshire, England, Church of England Marriages, 1754–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 10 September 2020), entry for George Jackson Fisher
- ⁶ "Northamptonshire, England, Baptisms, 1813–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 14 September 2020), entry for Edith Mary Fisher
- ⁷ "GRO online index–birth," *General Register Office* (<http://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/>; accessed 17 September 2020), entry for Fisher, Annie Sophia, Volume 03B, Page 89; "Northamptonshire, England, Baptisms, 1813–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 14 September 2020), entry for Annie Sophia Fisher
- ⁸ "Northamptonshire, England, Baptisms, 1813–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 14 September 2020), entry for Lizzie Gertrude Fisher
- ⁹ "GRO online index– birth," *General Register Office* (<http://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/>; accessed 17 September 2020), entry for Fisher, Harry Albert George, Volume 03B, Page 91; "Northamptonshire, England, Church of England Marriages, 1754–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 16 August 2020), entry for Harry Albert Fisher
- ¹⁰ "GRO online index–birth," *General Register Office* (<http://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/>; accessed 17 September 2020), entry for Fisher, Eliza Eleanor, Volume 03B, Page 70; "Northamptonshire, England, Church of England Marriages, 1754–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 16 August 2020), entry for Eliza Elinor [*sic*] Fisher
- ¹¹ "GRO online index–birth," *General Register Office* (<http://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/>; accessed 17 September 2020), entry for Fisher, William, Volume 03B, Page 83; "Northamptonshire, England, Baptisms, 1813–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 14 September 2020), entry for William Fisher
- ¹² "Northamptonshire, England, Baptisms, 1813–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 14 September 2020), entry for Frank Jackson Fisher
- ¹³ "Personnel Records of the First World War," *Library and Archives Canada*, entry for Fisher, Herbert Oliver
- ¹⁴ "Northamptonshire, England, Baptisms, 1813–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 14 September 2020), entry for Herbert Oliver Fisher
- ¹⁵ "Northamptonshire, England, Baptisms, 1813–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 14 September 2020), entry for Hettie Isabel [*sic*] Fisher. At her birth, Hettie's name was registered as Hetty, but in her baptism record she was Hettie. She appears to have used Hettie throughout her life.
- ¹⁶ "1901 England Census," *Ancestry*, entry for Oliver Fisher
- ¹⁷ *Ibid.*
- ¹⁸ "UK and Ireland, Find A Grave Index, 1300s–Current," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 14 September 2020), entry for Elizabeth Fisher
- ¹⁹ "1901 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk; accessed 16 August 2020), entry for Annie Selby, Registration district: Northampton, Sub-registration district: All Saints, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 2, Piece: 1426, Folio: 27, Page: 2, Household schedule number: 9

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- ²⁰ "1911 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 August 2020), entry for George F. [sic] Fisher, Registration district: Northampton, Registration district number: 163, Sub-registration district: St Giles, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 17, Piece: 8405
- ²¹ "1911 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 August 2020), entry for Oliver Fisher, Registration district: Northampton, Registration district number: 163, Sub-registration district: All Saints, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 02, Piece: 8424
- ²² "Northamptonshire, England, Church of England Marriages, 1754–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 August 2020), entry for Herbert Oliver Fisher
- ²³ "Personnel Records of the First World War," *Library and Archives Canada*, entry for Fisher, Herbert Oliver. Unless otherwise specified, all information about Oliver's military service comes from this source.
- ²⁴ "War Diaries – 2nd Pioneer Battalion 1915/10/28–1918/06/04," *Library and Archives Canada* (<http://data4.collectionscanada.ca/>: accessed 13 September 2020), Reference: RG9-III-D-3. Volume/box number: 5010. File number: 722. Copied container number: T-10858
- ²⁵ "War Diaries - 5th Battalion, Canadian Engineers," *Library and Archives Canada* (<http://data4.collectionscanada.ca/>: accessed 16 September 2020), Reference: RG9-III-D-3. Volume/box number: 4996. File number: 661. Unless otherwise specified, all information about the movements of the 5th Battalion, Canadian Engineers, comes from this source.
- ²⁶ "No. 1 Canadian Casualty Clearing Station," *British Isles Family History Society of Greater Ottawa* (www.bifhsgo.ca: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Fisher, H.O.
- ²⁷ "Casualty Clearing Station," *Wikipedia* (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Casualty_Clearing_Station: accessed 2 May 2020)
- ²⁸ "Duisans British Cemetery, Etrun," *Commonwealth War Graves Commission* (www.cwgc.org: accessed 7 October 2015)
- ²⁹ "War Diaries of the First World War: 1st Canadian Casualty Clearing Station 1914/08/13–1919/03/31," *Library and Archives Canada* (<http://data4.collectionscanada.gc.ca/>: accessed 17 June 2015)
- ³⁰ "No. 1 Canadian Casualty Clearing Station," *British Isles Family History Society of Greater Ottawa*, entry for Fisher, H.O.
- ³¹ "England & Wales, National Probate Calendar (Index of Wills and Administrations), 1858–1995," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 18 September 2020), entry for George Jackson Fisher
- ³² "England & Wales, National Probate Calendar (Index of Wills and Administrations), 1858–1995," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Annie Brown Fisher
- ³³ "1891 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Edith M. Fisher, Registration district: Northampton, Sub-registration district: All Saints, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 12, Piece: 1201, Folio: 93
- ³⁴ "Northamptonshire, England, Church of England Marriages, 1754–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Edith Mary Fisher
- ³⁵ "Northamptonshire, England, Baptisms, 1813–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Philip Ronald Orgill
- ³⁶ "British Newspapers," entry for Edith Mary Orgill, *Northampton Mercury*, 6 March 1903
- ³⁷ "England & Wales, National Probate Calendar (Index of Wills and Administrations), 1858–1995," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for William Proudman Orgill. In 1902/03, there was an outbreak of smallpox that arrived in Liverpool through maritime routes arriving in that city, but spread to all parts of England. There were nine deaths in Northampton. Could this be the cause of the deaths of both parents? ("An Analysis of the United States and United Kingdom Smallpox Epidemics (1901–5) – The Special Relationship that Tested Public Health Strategies for Disease Control," *Cambridge Journals Medical History* (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6945217/>: accessed 3 November 2020), 2020 Jan; 64(1): 1–31
- ³⁸ "1911 England Census," *Ancestry*, entry for George F. [sic] Fisher
- ³⁹ "British Newspapers," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Edith Mary Orgill, *Northampton Chronicle and Echo*, 7 October 1903

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- ⁴⁰ "Northamptonshire, England, Church of England Marriages, 1754–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Anne [sic] Sophia Fisher
- ⁴¹ "1911 England, Wales & Scotland Census," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Annie Dowty, Registration district: Isle of Wight, Registration district number: 93, Enumeration district: 8, District number: 8, Sub-district: Calbourne, Sub-district number: 6
- ⁴² "1939 Register," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Annie Dowty, Reference: RG101/2229E/002/38, Letter code: EABP
- ⁴³ "England & Wales, National Probate Calendar (Index of Wills and Administrations), 1858–1995," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Charles Herbert Lawrence Dowty
- ⁴⁴ "England & Wales, National Probate Calendar (Index of Wills and Administrations), 1858–1995," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Annie Sophia Dowty
- ⁴⁵ "British Newspapers," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 15 September 2020), entry for Harry G. Fisher, *Northampton Mercury*, 9 June 1911
- ⁴⁶ "British Newspapers," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 15 September 2020), entry for Harry Fisher, *Northampton Chronicle and Echo*, 26 June 1919
- ⁴⁷ "England & Wales, National Probate Calendar (Index of Wills and Administrations), 1858–1995," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 15 September 2020), entry for Harry Albert George Fisher
- ⁴⁸ "British Newspapers," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 15 September 2020), entry for Annie E. Fisher, *Northampton Chronicle and Echo*, 16 November 1923
- ⁴⁹ "England & Wales, Civil Registration Death Index, 1837–1915," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 15 September 2020), entry for Eliza Fisher, Registration district: Thrapston, Inferred county: Northamptonshire, Volume: 3b, Page: 121
- ⁵⁰ "Northamptonshire, England, Burials, 1813–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 15 September 2020), entry for Eliza Fisher
- ⁵¹ "Northamptonshire, England, Church of England Marriages, 1754–1912," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for William Fisher
- ⁵² "1911 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for George F. [sic] Fisher, Registration district: Northampton, Registration district number: 163, Sub-registration district: All Saints, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 15, Piece: 8437
- ⁵³ "1939 England and Wales Register," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for William Fisher, Schedule number: 124, Sub-schedule Number: 1, Enumeration district: RIAP, Registration district: 163-1
- ⁵⁴ "England & Wales, Civil Registration Death Index, 1837–1915," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 15 September 2020), entry for William Fisher, Registration district: Northampton, Inferred county: Northamptonshire, Volume: 3b, Page: 610
- ⁵⁵ "1911 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Hettie Mabel Fisher, Registration district: St Marylebone, Registration district number: 7, Sub-registration district: All Souls, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 16, Piece: 531
- ⁵⁶ "Canadian Passenger Lists, 1865–1935," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 10 September 2020), entry for Elizabeth Alice Fisher
- ⁵⁷ "UK, Incoming Passenger Lists, 1878–1960," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 16 September 2020), entry for Alice F. [sic] Fisher, Official number: 131346
- ⁵⁸ "Canada, Find A Grave Index, 1600s–Current," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 18 September 2020), entry for Elizabeth Alice Catling
- ⁵⁹ "Canada, Find A Grave Index, 1600s–Current," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 18 September 2020), entry for Edward William Catling