

Private John Allday[©]
Regimental number: 16359
1st Battalion, Royal Hampshire Regiment

born: 1 February 1882–died: 23 April 1918

Private John (also known as Jack) Allday was one of seven brothers who served in the military but the only brother who did not come home from the Great War.

John was the first son of George and Jane Allday. He was born on 1 February 1882 in Hemel Hempstead, Hertfordshire, England and baptized in the parish church in Tring, Hertfordshire, on 15 December 1888.¹ His mother, the former Jane Foster, had married George Allday, a bricklayer, in the same church on 26 June 1880.²

Both Jane and George were born in London, England: George in about 1851 in Kentish Town, London, and Jane in about 1855 in Westminster, Middlesex.³

John was not Jane's first son: she had a son, George Foster, born on 4 July 1879 in Berkhamstead, Hertfordshire⁴—the year before her marriage to George.

In 1881, Jane and her son George were living at 50 Bunstrux Hill in Tring, with Jane's parents, and Jane was working as a straw plaiter.⁵ There is no indication of where George Sr. was at that time.

In the first decade after their marriage, George and Jane had three children, all born in Tring:

- John
- Thomas (born on 28 August 1884)⁶
- James (born on 9 February 1888)⁷

These three children, plus their older brother George, were all baptized on the same day, 15 December 1888, in Tring.

In 1891, George Sr. and three of his children were probably living at Bircumshaw Houses on Waterloo Street in Claycross, Chesterfield, Derbyshire.⁸ However, for some reason, George Sr., a labourer, was using the surname Foster—his wife's maiden name. Claycross is 5 miles south of Chesterfield, and it is here that Jane was recorded in the census, as an inmate in the Chesterfield Union Industrial Schools in Chesterfield.⁹ It appears that her fourth son, Frederick, was born there.¹⁰ When the census was taken, Frederick was just 17 days old. It is not clear why Jane would have been there—perhaps to obtain medical services for the birth. It is also not known why the family had moved to the Chesterfield area.

After Frederick's birth in 1891, George and Jane had two more children, both born in Oxford:

- Harry (born on 12 June 1894 and baptized on 12 July 1894 in Tring)¹¹
- William (born on 15 February 1897¹² and baptized less than a month later, on 10 March in Tring, with his brother Frederick)¹³

In 1901, the family was living at 5 Park End Street, Park End Place in Oxford, where George was now a hawker working on his own account and Jane was a charwoman.¹⁴ Six of their seven children were living with them—John and Thomas were working in the brewing business, with John as a bottler and Thomas as a carter. The younger boys were in school.

Jane's son George was not in the family home in 1891 and 1901. He was in the military because, in the 1911 census record, he is described as an ex-private in the infantry. In 1911, he was living with his parents and, although he is reported to be married, his wife is not in the home with him. His brother, James, was also an ex-private in the infantry. Brother Frederick was an apprentice compositor. Two sons were not living at home in 1911: John had founded his own family and Harry was in the navy. The family was still at Park End Place; John's father was identified as a bricklayer but also as totally blind.¹⁵

Jane died tragically on Thursday, 17 September 1911, a few months after the census.¹⁶ Her body was found in the Oxford Canal near Walton Well Bridge. A coroner's inquest was held the following Saturday and a verdict of "found drowned" was returned. The body was identified by her son James, since her husband was blind. Jane was described as the wife of George Allday, living at 8 Lower Fisher Row—just a minute away from the home she had occupied with George in the spring of 1911. Jane was an occasional charwoman; she left home on Monday morning to work for half a day. She did not return, but the family did not report her as missing, since she was accustomed to being away for a few days, often staying with her brother. On this occasion the family made no effort to find out where she was, even after her brother came to the house on Wednesday and reported that she was not with him.

A passerby found her in the water, reporting that "it was a woman standing in the water, about nine feet from the bank, with her head bent forward." He pulled the body out and notified the police. There were no signs of violence, no note to indicate any issues and reportedly nothing worrying her. The coroner did express concern about neglect on the part of the family in not taking steps to find Jane or reporting her disappearance to the police. Nonetheless, the inquest could not show how or why Jane ended up in the water.

In 1908, at the age of 26, John married Nellie Jane Fletcher in Oxford.¹⁷ Nellie had been born on 21 August 1887 in Oxford to James and Catharine Mary Fletcher.¹⁸ Together, John and Nellie had five children, including their youngest daughter, who was born after her father's death. The five children, all born in Oxford, were:

- John James Thomas (born on 13 February 1909)
- Beatrice Nellie (born on 14 April 1911)
- William Henry (born on 14 October 1913)
- Francis George (born on 18 September 1915)¹⁹
- Frances Gwendoline (known as Gwendoline) (born on 20 October 1918)²⁰

In 1911, John, Nellie and young John were living with Nellie's family in Oxford, where John was a brewery labourer.²¹

John enlisted in the British Expeditionary Force in Oxford at the beginning of the war²² and served initially as a private (former regimental number 11459) with the Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, commonly called the Ox and Bucks. At some point he transferred to the 1st Battalion of the Hampshire Regiment.²³ He went to France on 2 June 1915.²⁴



Gravestone of Private J. Allday
Source: *Find A Grave*

He survived nearly three years of the devastating war. In the second half of April 1918, the 1st Battalion was stationed near Béthune in northern France.²⁵ On 19 April the battalion relieved the Seaforth Highlanders and elements of the 2nd Duke of Wellingtons and were holding the line on the south side of La Bassée Canal. The next day, the battalion came under heavy shelling, but three companies managed to cross the canal and occupy the southern edge of the Bois de Pacaut. In the following days, there was intermittent shelling of the banks of the canal and, on 22 April, the battalion carried out a full attack against the Bois de Pacaut.

The following day the battalion was relieved and proceeded about 40 kilometres away to Lannoy, but John's war was over. He was probably one of 222 Other Ranks (non-officers) in his battalion who were wounded in April. On 23 April 1918, John was admitted to No. 1 Canadian Casualty Clearing Station (CCCS)²⁶ with shrapnel wounds to his right shoulder. Sadly, he died later that day and was

buried the following day at Pernes British Cemetery in Plot 1, Row D, Grave 31.²⁷ George was one of 2140 admissions and 46 deaths at the CCCS in a month during which the CCCS had moved twice.²⁸

When John was at No. 1 CCCS, the station and the military cemetery had just been set up. It was opened in April 1918 when the 1st and 4th CCCSs pulled back to Pernes, driven back by the German advance in Flanders. There are 1,098 Great War burials in Pernes.²⁹

John was awarded posthumously the British War Medal (for service overseas between 1914 and 1918), the Victory Medal (for service in an operational theatre) and the 1914–15 Star (for service in the war against Germany between 5 August 1914 and 31 December 1915).³⁰ The medals were affectionately called Pip, Squeak and Wilfred in reference to a popular comic strip published by the *Daily Mirror* newspaper.³¹

John's wife Nellie, who was living at 45 Friars Street, St. Ebbes in Oxford, requested the following inscription be placed on his grave marker:

UNTIL THE DAYBREAK³²

He was also commemorated in his community. Although the photo is unclear, it shows the memorial originally standing in Holy Trinity Church in Blackfriars Road, St. Ebbes, Oxford, until the church was demolished in 1957. Ninety men from the parish lost their lives in the Great War and are memorialized on the plaque. In 1980, the plaque was found resting against a wall in the rear garden of the former Holy Trinity Rectory, and due to its fragile



Memorial plaque for Holy Trinity Church, St. Ebbes, Oxford
Source: *Roll of Honour*

condition is currently stored in a wooden case at St. Ebbes' Church in Oxford. John's is the third name down on the upper left side.³³

An article in an Oxford newspaper in 1914 indicates that six of the Allday sons were serving in the Great War: four in the army and two in the navy.³⁴ The Oxford Holy Trinity war memorials indicates that all seven sons served in the military, some before the war.³⁵

John's half-brother **George** (who served under the last name of Allday) enlisted with the Royal Garrison Artillery (regimental number 2835) on 5 February 1900 at the age of 18. He married Eliza McCarthy on 3 October 1906 while stationed in Gibraltar and they had a son, Thomas Albert, born there on 28 February 1907. George served in Hong Kong, Singapore and Gibraltar before being discharged from his first term of enlistment on 4 February 1912.³⁶ In 1921, George and Eliza were living near Oxford with three children. George was a general dealer in iron and metals.³⁷

Thomas served in the Great War, but his service was part of a military career that began before WW I.³⁸ He was a groom when he joined the Royal Berkshire Militia in 1902, just before his 18th birthday; a year later he enlisted in the Oxfordshire Infantry (regimental number 7367) for three years "with the colours," which means on active service. Thomas spent part of his service in India and Burma and was awarded the Mounted Infantry Certificate on 15 February 1908, before being sent to the Front in France. In May 1915 he received gunshot wounds to his right knee and shoulder but remained in the field until 1916, when he returned to England and was discharged from the army on 3 March 1916. His initial engagement for three years had extended to just over 13 years.

However, his military service did not end there: a discharge soldier, he joined the Royal Navy on 10 April 1916.³⁹ He was stationed at first on HMS *Pembroke II*—the shore establishment at Eastchurch, Kent—then afterward on the HMS *Antrim* that provided convoy and escort duties in the North Atlantic Ocean. It is not certain when Thomas left the navy, but it was probably at least at the end of the war.

In 1921, Thomas was probably living in the home of Violet Harrup and her two daughters and working as a groom. They lived at 1 Eyles Cottages, St Ebbes.⁴⁰ In 1939, he was with the same family but had moved to 107 Ferry Hinksey Road, Oxford.⁴¹ He may have died in 1966.⁴²

James also served in the Great War⁴³ but no records relating to his service were found. He was living at home in 1911,⁴⁴ but by the end of the year he had married Elizabeth C. Field.⁴⁵ In 1921, he and Elizabeth were living at 9 Norman Passage, Rewley Road, in Oxford, and James was a labourer at the Army Ordnance Depot in Didcot.⁴⁶ In 1939, they were still living in Oxford, where James was a general labourer.⁴⁷ He died in 1961 and was buried in Botley Cemetery in Oxford.⁴⁸

Frederick served with the Royal Engineers (regimental number 24215).⁴⁹ At the beginning of the war, he wrote home to his father, who was living at 36 Friar Street in Oxford, and his impressions of his arrival in France were published in the local newspaper in October 1914:

I find the places here very interesting and the people generous They are continually bringing us fruit and other eatables, and up to now we have lived exceptionally well. They are very keen on obtaining a souvenir of the British soldier, cap badges, numerals, and even buttons off our tunics, and as regards our jack-knives they would give about ten times their value for one. Every town I have been in I have had an offer to purchase my knife, and they usually first offer two francs. It is hard to make them understand that it is part of our equipment, and used in our work for slicing splicing ropes, etc., and when we refuse to sell

them they raise the price to even five francs, thinking the knives are of more value. But of course if we could do without them, we would willingly give them away for nothing, as they only cost about 4½d in England.⁵⁰

Before the war, Frederick had been an apprentice compositor⁵¹ and, in 1921, he was working as a compositor at His Majesty's Stationery Office Press (Harrow).⁵² The following year, he married Matilda L. Davis in Southwark, London.⁵³ In 1939, he was a "corrector of the press," and he and Matilda were living at 68 Holyoak Road in the Elephant and Castle area of Southwark, London.⁵⁴

Harry (service number J9553) enlisted with the Royal Navy on 27 August 1910 at the age of 16. He was a brewery boy when his service as a "boy" (a training position) began. In 1911, he was aboard the HMS *Impregnable* at Devonport.⁵⁵ On 12 June 1912—his 18th birthday—he became an ordinary seaman. He served on a number of ships and was demobilized on 18 December 1919.⁵⁶ He married Rose Webb in April 1918 in Oxford.⁵⁷ In 1921, they were living at 2 Eyles Cottages in St Ebbes, near Oxford. Harry indicated that he was a general labourer with army, but was currently out of work. Rose's daughter, Vera, was living with them.⁵⁸ By 1939, he had returned to employment as a storeman at the air ministry. Harry and Rose had moved to Sugworth Crescent, in Radley, near Abingdon, Berkshire.⁵⁹ He died on 1 June 1962 in the Cowley Road Hospital in Oxford.⁶⁰

The last of the Allday sons, **William**, also served in the navy in the Great War.⁶¹ He enlisted with the Royal Navy (service number J25794) on 17 July 1913 when he too was only 16 and, like his brother, he became an ordinary seaman on his 18th birthday. Records show that he was posted to numerous ships until 4 May 1922. All the way through his service, his character was described as "very good." William married Millicent Emma Sharlor on 8 January 1917.⁶² In 1921, he was a leading seaman on HMS *Wishart* and Millicent was working in public house in Oxford.⁶³ Millicent died in 1929. Ten years later, William was a storeman with the Air Ministry.⁶⁴

John's widow **Nellie** was left with five young children, so she applied for a pension for herself and the four children, who were born before John's death.⁶⁵ Just after the war, she was living with her father, James Fletcher, at 45 Freds Road, Friar Street in St Ebbe. She remarried, wedding John Goff in Oxford in early 1924.⁶⁶ Sadly, John died six years later⁶⁷ and Nellie just four years after that.⁶⁸

John and Nellie's children all remained in Oxford—they lived within a few miles of each other in 1939 and all died in Oxford:

- John married Irene D. Jackman in 1936⁶⁹ and three years later, they were living at 364 Marston Road in Oxford, where John was a milk roundsman and his wife a laundress.⁷⁰ He died in 2001.⁷¹
- Beatrice was baptized on 29 October 1911 at St Matthew's Church in Oxford⁷² and married Cyril H. Hudson in Abingdon, Berkshire, in 1934.⁷³ In 1939, they were living at 20 Bowness Avenue, Oxford, where Cyril was a hotel waiter.⁷⁴ Beatrice died in 1966.⁷⁵
- William probably married Violet E. Holder in Oxford in 1934.⁷⁶ William was a fireman with the Great Western Railway in 1939 and the family was living at 6 Copse Lane in Oxford.⁷⁷ William died in 1990.⁷⁸
- Francis married Dorothy M. Shirley in 1938.⁷⁹ Francis was a painter and the family was living at 256 Cowley Road, Oxford, in 1939.⁸⁰ Francis died on 22 January 1985 and is buried in Rose Hill Cemetery in Oxford.⁸¹

- Frances Gwendoline, who never knew her father, married Albert Rolland Cannon in Oxford early in 1939.⁸² Later that year, they were living at 48 Marlborough Road, Oxford, where Albert was a hospital porter.⁸³ Gwendoline died on 23 July 2005.⁸⁴

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- ¹ "Hertfordshire Baptisms," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 27 July 2023), entry for John Halliday [*sic*]
- ² "England, Select Marriages, 1538–1973," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 20 May 2023), entry for Jane Foster, FHL film number: 91768, Reference ID: 2:JKHQDC
- ³ "1901 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.ca: accessed 1 December 2020), entry for George Allday, Registration district: Oxford, Sub-registration district: Oxford, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 17, Piece: 1386, Folio: 21, Page: 32, Household schedule number: 193
- ⁴ "England & Wales, Christening Index, 1530–1980," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 31 July 2023), entry for George Halliday [*sic*], "1881 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 31 May 2023), entry for Jane Horliday [*sic*], Registration district: Berkhamstead, Sub-registration district: Hythe, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 10, Piece: 1448, Folio: 78, Page: 11
- ⁵ "1881 England Census," *Ancestry*, entry for Jane Horliday [*sic*]
- ⁶ "Hertfordshire Baptisms," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 27 July 2023), entry for Thomas Halliday [*sic*]
- ⁷ Hertfordshire Baptisms, *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 27 July 2023), entry for James Halliday [*sic*]
- ⁸ "1891 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 2 August 2023), entry for Jack Foster, Registration district: Chesterfield, Sub-registration district; Ashover, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: The Chesterfield Union Industrial Schools, Piece: 2766, Folio: 126
- ⁹ "1891 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 31 May 2023), entry for Jane Allday, Registration district: Chesterfield, Sub-registration district; Chesterfield, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 9, Piece: 2757, Folio: 106
- ¹⁰ "England & Wales, Civil Registration Birth Index, 1837–1915," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 3 August 2023), entry for Frederick Allday, Registration district: Chesterfield, Derbyshire, England, Volume: 7b, Page: 727
- ¹¹ "Oxfordshire, England, Church of England Births and Baptisms, 1813–1915," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 3 August 2023), entry for Harry Allday
- ¹² "UK, Royal Navy Registers of Seamen's Services, 1853–1928," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 8 August 2023), entry for William Allday
- ¹³ "Oxfordshire, England, Church of England Births and Baptisms, 1813–1915," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 3 August 2023), entries for William and Frederick Allday
- ¹⁴ "1901 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 28 May 2023), entry for John Allday, Registration district: Oxford, Sub-registration district: Oxford, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 17, Piece: 1386, Folio: 21, Page: 32, Household schedule number: 193
- ¹⁵ "1911 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 31 July 2023), entry for George Allday, Registration district number: 153, Sub-registration district: Oxford, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 9, Piece: 8150
- ¹⁶ "Newspapers & periodicals," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 31 July 2023), entry for Jane Allday, *Oxford Journal*, 20 September 1911
- ¹⁷ "England & Wales, Civil Registration Marriage Index, 1837–1915," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 18 May 2023), entry for John Allday, Registration district: Oxford, Inferred county: Oxfordshire, Volume: 3a, Page: 1876

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- ¹⁸ "Oxfordshire, England, Church of England Births and Baptisms, 1813–1915," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.ca: accessed 1 Dec 2020), entry for Nellie Jane Fletcher
- ¹⁹ "UK, World War I Pension Ledgers and Index Cards, 1914–1923," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 28 January 2023), entry for Nellie Jane Allday. Birthdates for the first four children are given in this record. Although Gwendoline is mentioned, her birthdate was not indicated.
- ²⁰ "GRO online index (birth)," *General Register Office* (<http://www.gro.gov.uk/gro/content/>: accessed 23 April 2024) entry for Allday, Frances Gwendoline, Registration district: Oxford, Volume 03A, Page 1455
- ²¹ "1911 England Census," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 31 July 2023), entry for John Allday, Registration district number: 153, Sub-registration district: Oxford, Enumeration district, institution, or vessel: 9, Piece: 8150
- ²² Based on "War Gratuity Calculator" (<https://wargratitude.wordpress.com/2015/08/16/gratuity-calculator/>: accessed 18 May 2017); "UK, Army Registers of Soldiers' Effects, 1901–1929," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 1 August 2023), entry for Ialm [sic] Allday
- ²³ "UK, Soldiers Died in the Great War, 1914–1919," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 18 May 2023), entry for John Allday
- ²⁴ "Britain, First World War Campaign Medals," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 28 April 2024), entry for John Allday
- ²⁵ "11 Infantry Brigade: 1 Battalion Hampshire Regiment War Diaries," *The National Archives* (www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/: accessed 28 April 2024), Date: 1918 Jan 1–1918 June 30, Reference: WO 95/1495/5. All information about the activities of this battalion come from this source.
- ²⁶ A casualty clearing station (CCS) is a military medical facility behind the front lines that is used to treat wounded soldiers. A CCS would usually be located just beyond the range of enemy artillery and often near transportation facilities (e.g., a railway). The CCS receives battlefield casualties from regimental aid posts located in the combat zone. Casualties that cannot be adequately treated in the CCS are stabilized there before being transported to a field hospital or military hospital.²⁹ "Casualty Clearing Station," *Wikipedia* (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Casualty_Clearing_Station: accessed 2 December 2020)
- ²⁷ "Search Name Index," *British Isles Family History Society of Greater Ottawa* (www.bifhsgo.ca: accessed 4 July 2022), entry for Allday, J.
- ²⁸ "War Diaries of the First World War: 1st Canadian Casualty Clearing Station 1914/08/13-1919/03/31," *Library and Archives Canada* (<https://www.bac-lac.gc.ca/eng/discover/military-heritage/first-world-war/Pages/war-diaries.aspx>: accessed 26 March 2023)
- ²⁹ "Pernes British Military Cemetery," *Commonwealth War Graves Commission* (<http://www.cwgc.org/>: accessed 13 January 2015)
- ³⁰ "UK, WWI Service Medal and Award Rolls, 1914–1920," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 28 April 2024), entry for John Allday
- ³¹ "A Guide to British Campaign Medals of WWI," *The Great War 1914-1918* (<http://www.greatwar.co.uk/medals/ww1-campaign-medals.htm>: accessed 1 December 2020)
- ³² *Commonwealth War Graves Commission* (www.cwgc.org: accessed 25 April 2024), entry for Allday, John, Service No: 16359
- ³³ "Oxfordshire, Oxford Holy Trinity War Memorials," *Roll of Honour* (<http://www.roll-of-honour.com/Oxfordshire/OxfordHolyTrinity.html>: accessed 1 December 2020)
- ³⁴ "Newspapers & periodicals," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 2 August 2023), entry for Frederick Allday, *Oxford Chronicle and Reading Gazette*, 9 October 1914.
- ³⁵ "Oxfordshire, Oxford Holy Trinity War Memorials," *Roll of Honour*
- ³⁶ "British Army Service Records 1760–1915," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 4 December 2020), entry for George Allday, Series: WO 97
- ³⁷ "1921 Census Of England & Wales," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 27 April 2024), entry for George Allday, Registration district: Headington, Registration district number: 152, Sub-district: St Clement; Sub-district number: 2, Enumeration district number: 22, Piece number: 07467

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- ³⁸ "British Army WWI Pension Records 1914–1920," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 19 May 2023), entry for Thomas Allday, Regimental number: 7367, Form title: Short Service Attestation. Unless otherwise indicated, all information about Thomas's army service comes from this source.
- ³⁹ "UK, Royal Navy Registers of Seamen's Services, 1853–1928," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 3 August 2023), entry for Thomas Allday. Unless otherwise indicated, all information about Thomas's naval service comes from this source.
- ⁴⁰ "1921 Census Of England & Wales," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 27 April 2024), entry for Thomas Allday, Registration district: Oxford, Registration district number: 153, Sub-district: Oxford; Sub-district number: 1, Enumeration district number: 7, Piece number: 07486
- ⁴¹ "1939 Register," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 28 April 2023), entry for Thomas Allday, Enumeration district letter code: DXDA, Schedule: 156, Schedule sub-number: 5, Reference: RG101/2182D/016/15, Piece number: 2182D, Item number: 16, Line number: 15
- ⁴² "England & Wales, Civil Registration Death Index, 1916–2007," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 2 August 2023), entry for Thomas Allday, Registration district: Oxford, Inferred county: Oxfordshire, Volume: 6b, Page: 1144
- ⁴³ "Oxfordshire, Oxford Holy Trinity War Memorials," *Roll of Honour*
- ⁴⁴ "1911 England Census," *Ancestry*, entry for George Allday
- ⁴⁵ "England & Wales, Civil Registration Marriage Index, 1837–1915," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 27 April 2023), entry for James Allday, Registration district: Oxford, Inferred county: Oxfordshire, Volume: 3a, Page: 2061
- ⁴⁶ "1921 Census Of England & Wales," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 27 April 2024), entry for James Allday, Registration district: Oxford, Registration district number: 153, Sub-district: Oxford; Sub-district number: 1, Enumeration district number: 9, Piece number: 07488
- ⁴⁷ "1939 England and Wales Register," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.ca: accessed 22 December 2020), entry for James Allday, Line number: 12, Schedule number: 3, Sub-schedule number: 1, Enumeration district: DXDA
- ⁴⁸ "England & Scotland, Select Cemetery Registers, 1800–2016," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.ca: accessed 27 April 2020), entry for James Allday
- ⁴⁹ "Newspapers & periodicals," *Findmypast*, entry for Frederick Allday
- ⁵⁰ *Ibid.*
- ⁵¹ "1911 England Census," *Ancestry*, entry for George Allday
- ⁵² "1921 Census of England & Wales," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 27 April 2024), entry for Frederick Allday, Registration district: Lambeth, Registration district number: 25, Sub-district: Lambeth Church; Sub-district number: 1, Enumeration district number: 13, Piece number: 01994, Schedule number: 64
- ⁵³ "England & Wales, Civil Registration Marriage Index, 1837–1915," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 2 August 2023), entry for Frederick Allday, Registration district: Southwark, Inferred county: London, Volume: 1d, Page: 178
- ⁵⁴ "1939 England and Wales Register," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 2 August 2023), entry for Frederick Allday, Line number; 18, Schedule number: 192, Sub-schedule number: 1, Enumeration district: ANCF
- ⁵⁵ "1911 England Census," *Ancestry*, (www.ancestry.ca: accessed 22 December 2020) entry for Harry Allday, Registration District: Devonport, Registration District Number: 278, Sub-registration district: St. Aubyn, ED, Institution, or vessel: 19, Piece: 13027
- ⁵⁶ "UK, Royal Navy Registers of Seamen's Services, 1853-1939," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 3 September 2024), entry for Harry Allday. All information about his naval service comes from this source.
- ⁵⁷ "England & Wales, Civil Registration Marriage Index 1916–2005," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.ca: accessed 2 December 2020), entry for Harry Allday, Registration District: Oxford, Volume: 13a, Page: 1997
- ⁵⁸ "1921 Census of England & Wales," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 27 April 2024), entry for Harry Allday, Registration district: Oxford, Registration district number: 153, Sub-district: Oxford; Sub-district number: 1, Enumeration district number: 7, Piece number: 07486, Schedule number: 503

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- ⁵⁹ "1939 Register," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 2 August 2023), entry for Harry Allday, Enumeration district letter code: DUAL, Schedule: 188, Schedule sub-number: 5, Reference: RG101/2064C/016/21, Piece number: 2064C, Item number: 16, Line number: 21
- ⁶⁰ "England & Wales, National Probate Calendar (Index of Wills and Administrations), 1858–1995," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.co.uk: accessed 2 August 2023), entry for Harry Allday
- ⁶¹ "UK, Royal Navy Registers of Seamen's Services, 1853–1928," *Ancestry*, entry for William Allday. Unless otherwise indicated, all information about Williams naval service comes from this source.
- ⁶² "Oxfordshire, England, Church of England Marriages and Banns, 1754–1930," *Ancestry* (www.ancestry.ca: accessed 1 Dec 2020), entry for William Allday
- ⁶³ "1921 Census of England & Wales," *Findmypast* (www.findmypast.co.uk: accessed 27 April 2024), entry for William Allday, Registration district: Oxford, Registration district number: 153, Sub-district: Oxford; Sub-district number: 1, Enumeration district number: 3, Piece number: 07482, Schedule number: 245
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